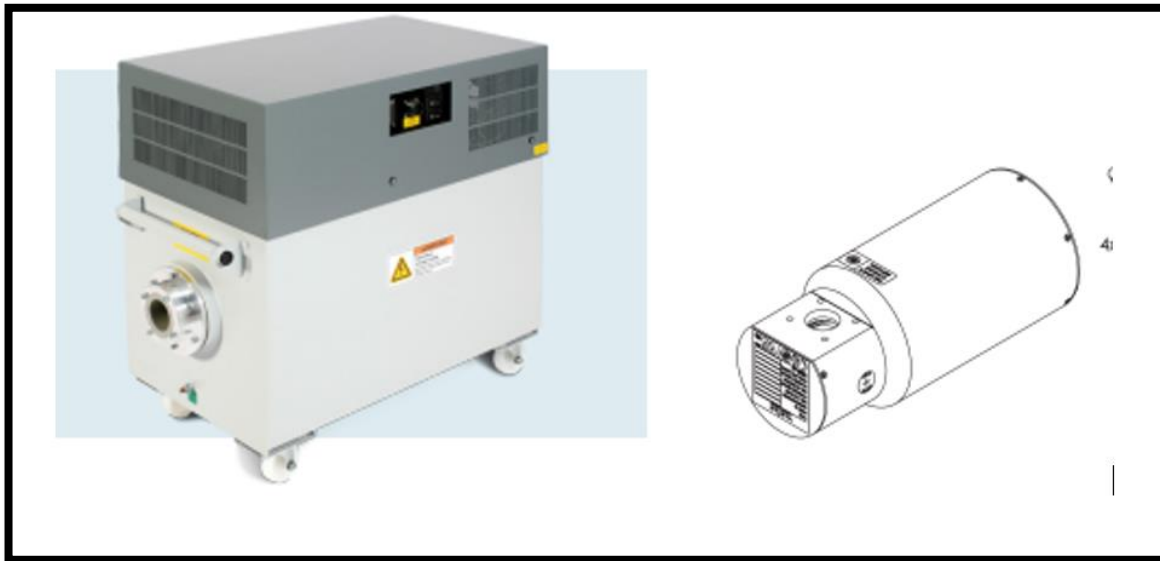


## T1949 – Gulmay CF225 System w/Varian HP225/11 Tube



### **Includes:**

- Gulmay CF225 Cathode Generator
- Gulmay MP1 Type 2 Control
- Varian HP225/11 X-Ray Tube
- 5M HT Cable with Clamps
- I/O box for integration into cabinet/vault
- Water Cooler for Tube
- 240VAC Single Phase Required

**GULMAY** X-RAY  
GENERATORS • CONTROLLERS • TUBES

# CF225

## TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION



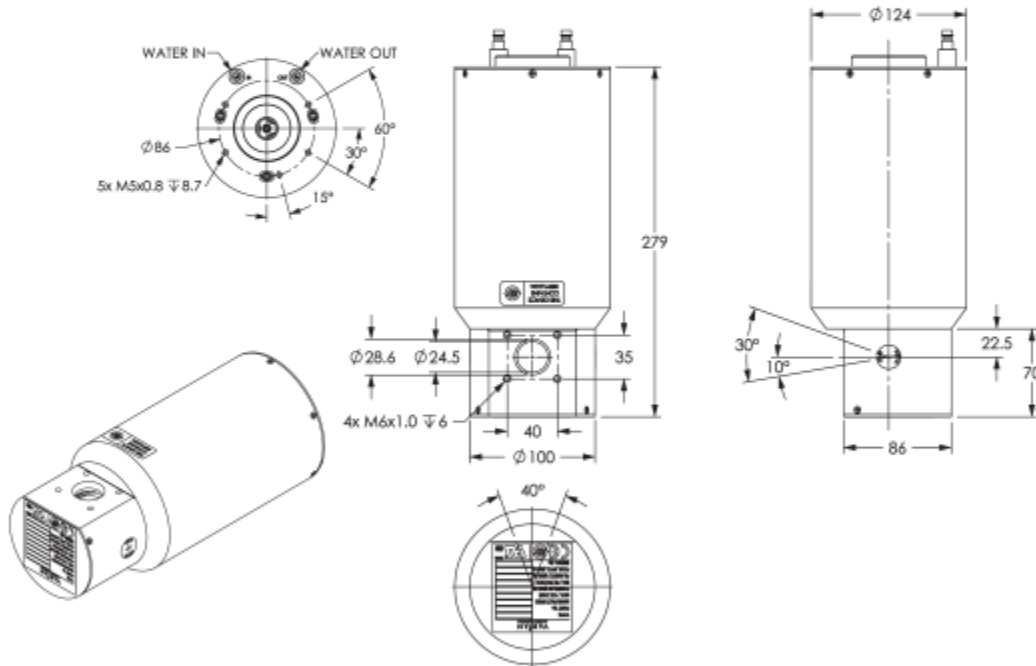
Maximum Power	1800 W
kV Range	5 – 225 kV
kV Accuracy	± 1% of Demand Value
kV Reproducibility	Better Than ± 0.05 kV
High Voltage Ripple	<5.0V/mA with 10M High Voltage Cable
mA Range	0 – 18 mA
mA Accuracy	± 0.5% of Demand Value
mA Reproducibility	Better Than 2µA
Input Voltage	220 V ±10% 47 – 63 Hz
Input Current	13 A at 220 V
Output Connector	R30
Dimensions (W x H X D)	418 x 630 x 830 mm
Weight	180 kg
Storage Temperature	-40° C to + 70° C
Operational Temperature	0°C to + 40°C
Relative Humidity	95%
Duty Cycle	100%
Comms	Analogue / RS232 / RS422

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**X-Ray Tube Specifications**

Maximum Peak Voltage .....	225 kV	Cooling Medium .....	Water
Focal Spot EN12543		Reference Axis .....	Perpendicular to port face.
Small .....	D = 0.4 mm*	Radiation Coverage .....	40° x 30°
Large .....	D = 1.0 mm	Loading Factors for Leakage Radiation .....	225 kV, 8 mA
Target Angle .....	11°	X-Ray Tube Assembly Permanent Filtration .....	0.8 mm Be
Maximum Continuous Rating		High Voltage Cable .....	R24
Small .....	800 W with 4 Litre/min cooling flow	Weight (approx.) .....	10.5 kg (23.1 lbs)
Large .....	1800 W with 4 Litre/min cooling flow		
Temperature at fluid inlet (maximum) .....	35°C		

\*Deviation from EN12543-2 based on 30% threshold.

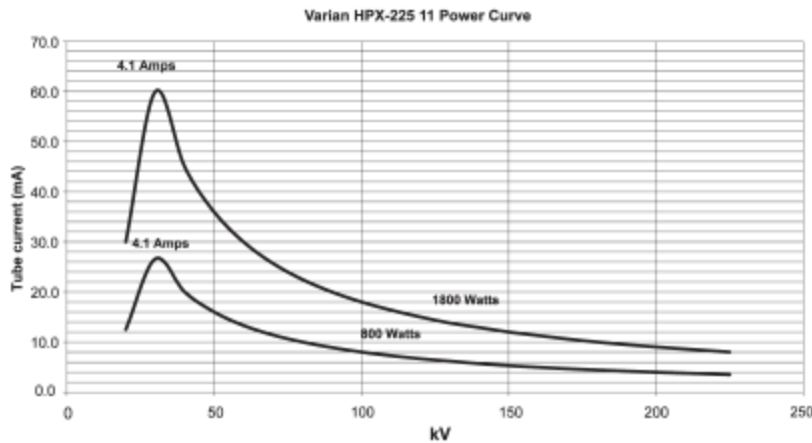


**WARNING**

Beryllium windows transmit a very high level of long wavelength X-radiation, which can injure human tissue. Injury may occur from even very short exposures to the primary X-ray beam. Follow all precautions necessary to avoid radiation exposure to humans.

The radiation dose rate cannot be accurately measured with conventional radiation measurement instruments. Radiation intensity in each installation will vary, and calibration must include the effects of long wavelength X-radiation.

Fumes from beryllium metal (or its compounds) as well as dust can be hazardous if inhaled. During use, corrosion products may occur on the beryllium window, but these should not be scraped off, machined, or otherwise removed. Tube unit disposal should conform to federal, state, and local regulations governing beryllium.



#### Instructions for Installation and Operation

##### Instructions for Installation

###### **Connection of the x-ray tube**

The careful adjustment of the pressure gap and the use of the correct amount of silicone grease are extremely important. First, clean the rubber cone carefully with a lint-free cloth. Take specific care that the contacts are absolutely free of old grease or oxide layers. Use only pure alcohol for cleaning, no other detergents. Cover the entire cone with a thin film of the supplied silicone grease, apply a rope of approximately 3 cm of grease and spread it gently, avoiding the contact tip. The grease layer must be kept free of air bubbles, dust or dirt.

###### **Cable terminal with mounting flange**

Rotate the mounting flange until there is a gap of 3-4 mm between the mounting flange and the tube. Remove the cable plug and carefully grease using the supplied high voltage insulating compound. Introduce the greased terminal plug parallel to the axis of the high voltage receptacle socket and advance until it stops.

###### **Mounting flange**

Attach the mounting flange to the tube housing using the flange fastening screws making sure not to rotate the mounting flange from its setup position.

##### Operation

###### **General**

The control of the high voltage and the filament current as well as the design of the cooling unit is the responsibility of the equipment manufacturer.

###### **High Voltage Connection**

One terminal type R24 high voltage cables supply high voltage and filament current.

Two different methods of mounting the high voltage cable are available.

###### **Cooling of the Anode**

It is the responsibility of the customer to ensure that the cooling medium flow meets the required cooling conditions. Insufficient cooling of the anode can lead to the destruction of the anode, therefore cooling must be switched on before the application of high voltage.

###### **Control of Cooling Medium**

Flow, pressure, and temperature of the cooling medium at the inlet to the tube or the tube assembly must be appropriately monitored. High voltage must be terminated when the pressure or flow rate fall below the minimum level or when the temperature exceeds the maximum level. When the tube is switched off the coolant flow must continue for at least 2 minutes in order to protect the anode from destruction.